

# Ethical Purchasing Policy

<b>Version Number</b>	1.1
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	<b>Name</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Signature</b>	<b>Date</b>
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## Version History

<b>Previous version</b>	<b>Significant changes from previous version</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Date</b>

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# 1. Scope of policy

e-Learning WMB's Ethical Purchasing Policy governs ethical behaviour of suppliers and the duties of elearning WMB when purchasing goods and services. This policy should be examined in conjunction with the Ant-Slavery Policy, Code of Conduct and the Supplier Security Policy when it comes to determining who to select as suppliers.

# 2. Purpose of Policy

e-Learning WMB believes in purchasing in the most ethical manner possible. This policy governs the selection and purchase of goods and services which:

- Are safe.
- Are environmentally responsible.
- Are produced and delivered under fair labour conditions.
- Are fair value for the price, quality and volume offered.
- Meet legal, industry and eLearning WMB's safety and quality standards.
- Do not involve any bribery or corruption, including the payment of so-called 'facilitation payments'.

eLearning WMB will seek alternative sources where the conduct of suppliers violates the company's Code of Conduct and Ethical Purchasing Policy, and where there is no effort by the supplier to address that situation within an agreed time period.

# 3. Our Contract with Suppliers

## 3.1. Suppliers Agree to ...

By agreeing to supply eLearning WMB, suppliers agree to:-

1. Adhere to the company's Ethical Purchasing Policy.
2. Attest to adhere to this policy both within their own company and those of their own suppliers, further along the supply chain.
3. Produce and deliver their products and services in line with all applicable laws, local regulations and best industry standards and practices, including all applicable anti-bribery and corruption laws of their country as well as any other applicable laws (including without limitation the UK Bribery Act 2010 and the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act)

4. If requested by eLearning WMB, report progress on implementing the ethical purchasing policy by describing actions taken and detailing future planned activity.
5. Comply with the RBA Code of Conduct, set out in Appendix 1, which defines the acceptable safety, environmental, product quality, product stewardship, labour, human rights, social and legal standards, under which products shall be made and services provided. This includes all work contracted or sub-contracted. (Appendix 1 is available in multiple languages on the RBA web-site at [www.responsiblebusiness.org](http://www.responsiblebusiness.org))
6. eLearning WMB may require suppliers who have been identified as being potentially high risk to undergo a third party validated RBA audit.
7. Highlight to eLearning WMB any areas of legal or ethical concern so that both organisations can resolve any gaps and deficiencies.
8. Seek continuous improvement in the way the company produces and delivers its products and services and manages its supplier relationships.

## 3.2 eLearning WMB Agrees to ...

1. Communicate its Ethical Purchasing Policy, to employees and suppliers.
2. Provide guidance to suppliers who seek to promote and implement the policy's standards into their own business processes and in their relevant supply chains.
3. Continually improve the way in which suppliers are appointed and supplier relationships are managed, audited and reported.
4. Use RBA Risk Assessment tools to assess and manage its supply chain risks.

## 3.3 Both Parties Agree to ...

1. Work together to resolve any areas of risk and concern and non-compliance.
2. Immediately cease any serious breaches of the ethical purchasing policy and, where these persist, terminate their business relationship.
3. Ensure all employees are aware of their individual obligations under Edwards' ethical purchasing policy and Atlas Copco Business Code of Practice.

## 3.4 Terms of Purchase

eLearning WMB includes the following clause in their standard terms of purchase:

*"The Supplier acknowledges that eLearning WMB adheres to their Code of Conduct, adopts the Responsible Business Alliance's (the RBA Code) and operates an ethical purchasing policy (the "Ethical Purchasing Policy"), covering areas such as business ethics, labour, safety and the environment. Copies of the Ethical Purchasing Policy and the Code of Practice may be viewed on [www.elearningwmb.com](http://www.elearningwmb.com) and the RBA Code may be viewed at [www.responsiblebusiness.org](http://www.responsiblebusiness.org).*

*By supplying goods and/or services to eLearning WMB, the Supplier agrees that it shall adhere to the*



*eLearning WMB Code of Conduct, the Ethical Purchasing Policy and the RBA Code. Further, no eLearning WMB employee or officer is authorised to propose to the Supplier or approve conduct inconsistent with the Code of Conduct or Ethical Purchasing Policy.*

*eLearning WMB shall have the right to terminate its business relationship and any associated agreements with the Supplier if the Supplier is (or eLearning WMB reasonably believes that the Supplier is) in material breach of the company's Code of Conduct, the RBA Code or the Ethical Purchasing Policy and, in the case of breaches which are capable of remedy, the Supplier fails to remedy such breach, after written notification by eLearning WMB of such breach, within the cure period specified by eLearning WMB for such remedy. In determining the length of any cure period eLearning WMB shall act reasonably, having regard to the severity and nature of the breach."*

## 4. Sign-off

This document has been reviewed and signed off as per below.

Signed by: ...  Date: 15/04/2021

Name: Emil Reisser-Weston MSc MEng (Managing Director)



# Appendix 1 – RESPONSIBLE BUSINESS ALLIANCE® CODE OF CONDUCT

Version 7.0 (2021)

The Responsible Business Alliance (RBA), formerly the Electronic Industry Citizenship Coalition (EICC), Code of Conduct establishes standards to ensure that working conditions in the electronics industry, or industries in which electronics are a key component, and its supply chains are safe, that workers are treated with respect and dignity, and that business operations are environmentally responsible and conducted ethically.

Considered as part of the electronics industry for purposes of this Code are all organizations that may design, market, manufacture, or provide goods and services that are used to produce electronic goods. The Code may be voluntarily adopted by any business in the electronics sector and subsequently applied by that business to its supply chain and subcontractors, including providers of contract labor.

To adopt the Code and become a participant (“Participant”), a business shall declare its support for the Code and actively pursue conformance to the Code and its standards in accordance with a management system as herein.

Participants must regard the Code as a total supply chain initiative. At a minimum, Participants shall also require its next tier suppliers to acknowledge and implement the Code.

Fundamental to adopting the Code is the understanding that a business, in all of its activities, must operate in full compliance with the laws, rules, and regulations of the countries in which it operates (The Code is not intended to create new and additional third-party rights, including for workers.) The Code also encourages Participants to go beyond legal compliance, drawing upon internationally recognized standards, in order to advance social and environmental responsibility and business ethics. In no case can complying with the Code violate local laws. If, however, there are differing standards between the RBA Code and local law, the RBA defines conformance as meeting the strictest requirements. In alignment with the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, the provisions in this Code are derived from and respect internationally recognized standards including the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

The RBA is committed to obtaining regular input from stakeholders in the continued development and implementation of the Code of Conduct.

The Code is made up of five sections. Sections A, B, and C outline standards for Labor, Health and Safety, and the Environment, respectively. Section D adds standards relating to business ethics. Section E outlines the elements of an acceptable system to manage conformity to this Code.

## A. LABOR

Participants are committed to uphold the human rights of workers, and to treat them with dignity and



respect as understood by the international community. This applies to all workers including temporary, migrant, student, contract, direct employees, and any other type of worker. The recognized standards, as set out in the References, were used in preparing the Code and may be useful sources of additional information.

The labor standards are:

## **1) Freely Chosen Employment**

Forced, bonded (including debt bondage) or indentured labor, involuntary or exploitative prison labor, slavery or trafficking of persons is not permitted. This includes transporting, harboring, recruiting, transferring, or receiving persons by means of threat, force, coercion, abduction or fraud for labor or services. There shall be no unreasonable restrictions on workers' freedom of movement in the facility in addition to unreasonable restrictions on entering or exiting company-provided facilities including, if applicable, workers' dormitories or living quarters. As part of the hiring process, all workers must be provided with a written employment agreement in their native language that contains a description of terms and conditions of employment. Foreign migrant workers must receive the employment agreement prior to the worker departing from his or her country of origin and there shall be no substitution or change(s) allowed in the employment agreement upon arrival in the receiving country unless these changes are made to meet local law and provide equal or better terms. All work must be voluntary, and workers shall be free to leave work at any time or terminate their employment without penalty if reasonable notice is given as per worker's contract. Employers, agents, and sub-agents' may not hold or otherwise destroy, conceal, or confiscate identity or immigration documents, such as government-issued identification, passports, or work permits. Employers can only hold documentation if such holdings are required by law. In this case, at no time should workers be denied access to their documents. Workers shall not be required to pay employers' agents or sub-agents' recruitment fees or other related fees for their employment. If any such fees are found to have been paid by workers, such fees shall be repaid to the worker.

## **2) Young Workers**

Child labor is not to be used in any stage of manufacturing. The term "child" refers to any person under the age of 15, or under the age for completing compulsory education, or under the minimum age for employment in the country, whichever is greatest. Participants shall implement an appropriate mechanism to verify the age of workers. The use of legitimate workplace learning programs, which comply with all laws and regulations, is supported. Workers under the age of 18 (Young Workers) shall not perform work that is likely to jeopardize their health or safety, including night shifts and overtime. Participants shall ensure proper management of student workers through proper maintenance of student records, rigorous due diligence of educational partners, and protection of students' rights in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Participants shall provide appropriate support and training to all student workers. In the absence of local law, the wage rate for student workers, interns, and apprentices shall be at least the same wage rate as other entry-level workers performing equal or similar tasks. If child labor is identified, assistance/remediation is provided.

## **3) Working Hours**



Studies of business practices clearly link worker strain to reduced productivity, increased turnover, and increased injury and illness. Working hours are not to exceed the maximum set by local law. Further, a workweek should not be more than 60 hours per week, including overtime, except in emergency or unusual situations. All overtime must be voluntary. Workers shall be allowed at least one day off every seven days.

#### **4) Wages and Benefits**

Compensation paid to workers shall comply with all applicable wage laws, including those relating to minimum wages, overtime hours and legally mandated benefits. In compliance with local laws, workers shall be compensated for overtime at pay rates greater than regular hourly rates. Deductions from wages as a disciplinary measure shall not be permitted. For each pay period, workers shall be provided with a timely and understandable wage statement that includes sufficient information to verify accurate compensation for work performed. All use of temporary, dispatch and outsourced labor will be within the limits of the local law.

#### **5) Humane Treatment**

There is to be no harsh or inhumane treatment including violence, gender-based violence, sexual harassment, sexual abuse, corporal punishment, mental or physical coercion, bullying, public shaming, or verbal abuse of workers; nor is there to be the threat of any such treatment. Disciplinary policies and procedures in support of these requirements shall be clearly defined and communicated to workers.

#### **6) Non-Discrimination/Non-Harassment**

Participants should be committed to a workplace free of harassment and unlawful discrimination. Companies shall not engage in discrimination or harassment based on race, color, age, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, ethnicity or national origin, disability, pregnancy, religion, political affiliation, union membership, covered veteran status, protected genetic information or marital status in hiring and employment practices such as wages, promotions, rewards, and access to training. Workers shall be provided with reasonable accommodation for religious practices. In addition, workers or potential workers should not be subjected to medical tests, including pregnancy or virginity tests, or physical exams that could be used in a discriminatory way. This was drafted in consideration of ILO Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention (No.111).

#### **7) Freedom of Association**

In conformance with local law, participants shall respect the right of all workers to form and join trade unions of their own choosing, to bargain collectively, and to engage in peaceful assembly as well as respect the right of workers to refrain from such activities. Workers and/or their representatives shall be able to openly communicate and share ideas and concerns with management regarding working conditions and management practices without fear of discrimination, reprisal, intimidation, or harassment.

## **B. HEALTH AND SAFETY**



Participants recognize that in addition to minimizing the incidence of work-related injury and illness, a safe and healthy work environment enhances the quality of products and services, consistency of production and worker retention and morale. Participants also recognize that ongoing worker input and education are essential to identifying and solving health and safety issues in the workplace.

Recognized management systems such as ISO 45001 and ILO Guidelines on Occupational Safety and Health were used as references in preparing the Code and may be useful sources of additional information.

The health and safety standards are:

## **1) Occupational Safety**

Worker potential for exposure to health and safety hazards (chemical, electrical and other energy sources, fire, vehicles, and fall hazards, etc.) are to be identified and assessed, mitigated using the Hierarchy of Controls, which includes eliminating the hazard, substituting processes or materials, controlling through proper design, implementing engineering and administrative controls, preventative maintenance and safe work procedures (including lockout/tagout), and providing ongoing occupational health and safety training. Where hazards cannot be adequately controlled by these means, workers are to be provided with appropriate, well-maintained, personal protective equipment, and educational materials about risks to them associated with these hazards. Reasonable steps must also be taken to remove pregnant women and 'nursing mothers from working conditions with high hazards, remove or reduce any workplace health and safety risks to pregnant women and nursing mothers, including those associated with their work assignments, and provide reasonable accommodations for nursing mothers.

## **2) Emergency Preparedness**

Potential emergency situations and events are to be identified and assessed, and their impact minimized by implementing emergency plans and response procedures including emergency reporting, employee notification and evacuation procedures, worker training, and drills. Emergency drills must be executed at least annually or as required by local law, whichever is more stringent. Emergency plans should also include appropriate fire detection and suppression equipment, clear and unobstructed egress, adequate exit facilities, contact information for emergency responders, and recovery plans. Such plans and procedures shall focus on minimizing harm to life, the environment, and property.

## **3) Occupational Injury and Illness**

Procedures and systems are to be in place to prevent, manage, track and report occupational injury and illness, including provisions to encourage worker reporting, classify and record injury and illness cases, provide necessary medical treatment, investigate cases and implement corrective actions to eliminate their causes, and facilitate the return of workers to work.

## **4) Industrial Hygiene**

Worker exposure to chemical, biological, and physical agents is to be identified, evaluated, and controlled according to the Hierarchy of Controls. If any potential hazards were identified, participants shall look for



opportunities to eliminate and/or reduce the potential hazards. If elimination or reduction of the hazards is not feasible, potential hazards are to be controlled through proper design, engineering, and administrative controls. When hazards cannot be adequately controlled by such means, workers are to be provided with and use appropriate, well-maintained, personal protective equipment free of charge. Protective programs shall be ongoing and include educational materials about the risks associated with these hazards.

## **5) Physically Demanding Work**

Worker exposure to the hazards of physically demanding tasks, including manual material handling and heavy or repetitive lifting, prolonged standing, and highly repetitive or forceful assembly tasks is to be identified, evaluated, and controlled.

## **6) Machine Safeguarding**

Production and other machinery shall be evaluated for safety hazards. Physical guards, interlocks, and barriers are to be provided and properly maintained where machinery presents an injury hazard to workers.

## **7) Sanitation, Food, and Housing**

Workers are to be provided with ready access to clean toilet facilities, potable water and sanitary food preparation, storage, and eating facilities. Worker dormitories provided by the Participant or a labor agent are to be maintained to be clean and safe, and provided with appropriate emergency egress, hot water for bathing and showering, adequate lighting and heat and ventilation, individually secured accommodations for storing personal and valuable items, and reasonable personal space along with reasonable entry and exit privileges.

## **8) Health and Safety Communication**

Participants shall provide workers with appropriate workplace health and safety information and training in the language of the worker or in a language the worker can understand for all identified workplace hazards that workers are exposed to, including but not limited to mechanical, electrical, chemical, fire, and physical hazards. Health and safety related information shall be clearly posted in the facility or placed in a location identifiable and accessible by workers. Training is provided to all workers prior to the beginning of work and regularly thereafter. Workers shall be encouraged to raise any health and safety concerns without retaliation.

# **C. ENVIRONMENT**

Participants recognize that environmental responsibility is integral to producing world-class products. Participants shall identify the environmental impacts and minimize adverse effects on the community, environment, and natural resources within their manufacturing operations, while safeguarding the health and safety of the public. Recognized management systems such as ISO 14001 and the Eco Management and Audit System (EMAS) were used as references in preparing the Code and may be a useful source of additional information. The environmental standards are:



## **1) Environmental Permits and Reporting**

All required environmental permits (e.g. discharge monitoring), approvals, and registrations are to be obtained, maintained, and kept current and their operational and reporting requirements are to be followed.

## **2) Pollution Prevention and Resource Reduction**

Emissions and discharges of pollutants and generation of waste are to be minimized or eliminated at the source or by practices such as adding pollution control equipment; modifying production, maintenance, and facility processes; or by other means. The use of natural resources, including water, fossil fuels, minerals, and virgin forest products, is to be conserved by practices such as modifying production, maintenance and facility processes, materials substitution, re-use, conservation, recycling, or other means.

## **3) Hazardous Substances**

Chemicals, waste, and other materials posing a hazard to humans or the environment are to be identified, labeled, and managed to ensure their safe handling, movement, storage, use, recycling or reuse, and disposal.

## **4) Solid Waste**

Participants shall implement a systematic approach to identify, manage, reduce, and responsibly dispose of or recycle solid waste (non-hazardous).

## **5) Air Emissions**

Air emissions of volatile organic chemicals, aerosols, corrosives, particulates, ozone depleting substances, and combustion byproducts generated from operations are to be characterized, routinely monitored, controlled, and treated as required prior to discharge. Ozone depleting substances are to be effectively managed in accordance with the Montreal Protocol and applicable regulations. Participants shall conduct routine monitoring of the performance of its air emission control systems.

## **6) Materials Restrictions**

Participants are to adhere to all applicable laws, regulations, and customer requirements regarding the prohibition or restriction of specific substances in products and manufacturing, including labeling for recycling and disposal.

## **7) Water Management**

Participants shall implement a water management program that documents, characterizes, and monitors water sources, use and discharge; seeks opportunities to conserve water; and controls channels of



contamination. All wastewater is to be characterized, monitored, controlled, and treated as required prior to discharge or disposal. Participants shall conduct routine monitoring of the performance of its wastewater treatment and containment systems to ensure optimal performance and regulatory compliance.

## **8) Energy Consumption and Greenhouse Gas Emissions**

Participants are to establish a corporate-wide greenhouse gas reduction goal. Energy consumption and all relevant Scopes 1 and 2 greenhouse gas emissions are to be tracked, documented, and publicly reported against the greenhouse gas reduction goal. Participants are to look for methods to improve energy efficiency and to minimize their energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions.

## **D. ETHICS**

To meet social responsibilities and to achieve success in the marketplace, Participants and their agents are to uphold the highest standards of ethics including:

### **1) Business Integrity**

The highest standards of integrity are to be upheld in all business interactions. Participants shall have a zero-tolerance policy to prohibit any and all forms of bribery, corruption, extortion and embezzlement.

### **2) No Improper Advantage**

Bribes or other means of obtaining undue or improper advantage are not to be promised, offered, authorized, given, or accepted. This prohibition covers promising, offering, authorizing, giving or accepting anything of value, either directly or indirectly through a third party, in order to obtain or retain business, direct business to any person, or otherwise gain an improper advantage. Monitoring, record keeping, and enforcement procedures shall be implemented to ensure compliance with anti-corruption laws.

### **3) Disclosure of Information**

All business dealings should be transparently performed and accurately reflected on the Participant's business books and records. Information regarding participant's labor, health and safety, environmental practices, business activities, structure, financial situation, and performance is to be disclosed in accordance with applicable regulations and prevailing industry practices. Falsification of records or misrepresentation of conditions or practices in the supply chain are unacceptable.

### **4) Intellectual Property**

Intellectual property rights are to be respected, transfer of technology and know-how is to be done in a manner that protects intellectual property rights, and customer and supplier information is to be safeguarded.

## **5) Fair Business, Advertising and Competition**

Standards of fair business, advertising, and competition are to be upheld.

## **6) Protection of Identity and Non-Retaliation**

Programs that ensure the confidentiality, anonymity, and protection of supplier and employee whistleblowers (i.e. any person who makes a disclosure about improper conduct by an employee or officer of a company, or by a public official or official body) are to be maintained, unless prohibited by law. Participants should have a communicated process for their personnel to be able to raise any concerns without fear of retaliation.

## **7) Responsible Sourcing of Minerals**

Participants shall adopt a policy and exercise due diligence on the source and chain of custody of the tantalum, tin, tungsten, and gold in the products they manufacture to reasonably assure that they are sourced in a way consistent with the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas or an equivalent and recognized due diligence framework.

## **8) Privacy**

Participants are to commit to protecting the reasonable privacy expectations of personal information of everyone they do business with, including suppliers, customers, consumers, and employees. Participants are to comply with privacy and information security laws and regulatory requirements when personal information is collected, stored, processed, transmitted, and shared.

# **E. MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

Participants shall adopt or establish a management system with a scope that is related to the content of this Code. The management system shall be designed to ensure: (a) compliance with applicable laws, regulations and customer requirements related to the participant's operations and products; (b) conformance with this Code; and (c) identification and mitigation of operational risks related to this Code. It should also facilitate continual improvement. The management system should contain the following elements:

### **1) Company Commitment**

Corporate social and environmental responsibility policy statements affirming Participant's commitment to compliance and continual improvement, endorsed by executive management, and posted in the facility in the local language.

### **2) Management Accountability and Responsibility**



The Participant clearly identifies senior executive and company representative(s) responsible for ensuring implementation of the management systems and associated programs. Senior management reviews the status of the management systems on a regular basis.

### **3) Legal and Customer Requirements**

A process to identify, monitor and understand applicable laws, regulations, and customer requirements, including the requirements of this Code.

### **4) Risk Assessment and Risk Management**

A process to identify the legal compliance, environmental, health and safety<sup>3</sup> and labor practice and ethics risks associated with Participant's operations. Determination of the relative significance for each risk and implementation of appropriate procedural and physical controls to control the identified risks and ensure regulatory compliance.

### **5) Improvement Objectives**

Written performance objectives, targets and implementation plans to improve the Participant's social, environmental, and health and safety performance, including a periodic assessment of Participant's performance in achieving those objectives.

### **6) Training**

Programs for training managers and workers to implement Participant's policies, procedures, and improvement objectives and to meet applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

### **7) Communication**

A process for communicating clear and accurate information about Participant's policies, practices, expectations, and performance to workers, suppliers, and customers.

### **8) Worker Feedback, Participation and Grievance**

Ongoing processes, including an effective grievance mechanism, to assess workers' understanding of and obtain feedback on or violations against practices and conditions covered by this Code and to foster continuous improvement. Workers must be given a safe environment to provide grievance and feedback without fear of reprisal or retaliation.

### **9) Audits and Assessments**

Periodic self-evaluations to ensure conformity to legal and regulatory requirements, the content of the Code, and customer contractual requirements related to social and environmental responsibility.



## **10) Corrective Action Process**

A process for timely correction of deficiencies identified by internal or external assessments, inspections, investigations, and reviews.

## **11) Documentation and Records**

Creation and maintenance of documents and records to ensure regulatory compliance and conformity to company requirements along with appropriate confidentiality to protect privacy.

## **12) Supplier Responsibility**

A process to communicate Code requirements to suppliers and to monitor supplier compliance to the code.